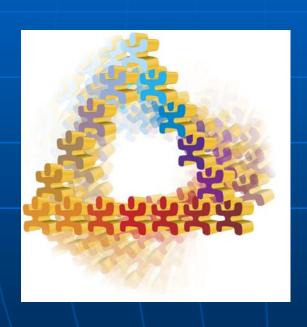
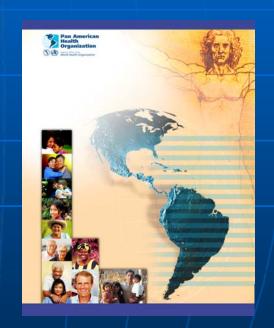
# CARMEN: Vehicle for the Implementation of the PAHO/WHO Regional Strategy





Meeting for NCD Focal Points, Panama, October 2007 Branka Legetic, PAHO/WHO Regional Advisor

# Some of the History...

- 1997: Pan American CARMEN Initiative established.
- Chile and Canada, the first members. The CINDI protocol translated and accepted as the CARMEN protocol
- By 2002 ... +8 new members = 10
- 2002: Resolution on Public Health Approach to Noncommunicable Diseases where
- CARMEN recommended as the initiative that supports this Public Health approach, e.g. integrated prevention of noncommunicable diseases.

# Further Developments ...

- Follows request from countries for liberalization of acceptance to the network
- Result: All countries that have projects related to NCDs were accepted.
   By 2004, TOTAL = 21
- 2003: Managers Committee Meeting: Decision to ask countries to accept responsibility to develop tools for the network
  - Chile CARMEN School
  - Canada/PHAC with PAHO: The CARMEN NCD Policy Observatory
  - Brazil: Indicators for evaluation of community programs;
  - Puerto Rico: Communication tools as Bulletin and ListServ
  - Peru: A framework for country interventions

# Further Developments ...



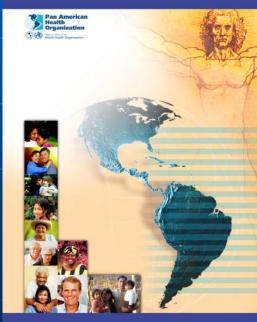
- 2005: Besides 21 Member Countries and 3 Country Observers, the external partners of CARMEN participated (PAHO/WHO Collaborating Centers, other networks, organizations)
- Meeting organized around main areas of interest: DPAS, surveillance, policy, capacity building, prevention and management.
- Secretariat now the whole NCD Unit

## New Context

• 2006: Regional Strategy and Action Plan for Integrated Prevention and Control of Chronic Diseases including Diet, Physical Activity and Health endorsed by

Member Countries

 CARMEN countries involved from the beginning in the process of developing the Action plan for the Strategy (organized national and subregional consultations)

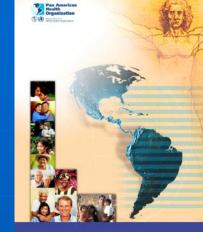


# The Directing Council is requested to consider the following actions

- Reaffirm chronic diseases as a high priority
- Ensure that Member States' commitment is translated into programmatic and financial support for chronic diseases
- Review, provide, and adopt feedback to proposed Regional Strategy and Plan of Action
- Discuss strategies to mobilize technical and financial resources at the regional, sub regional, and country levels

## CARMEN 2007

- Unique network of governments
- Accomplishments & lessons learned over 10 years
- Terms of Reference revisited:
   Composition, governance, vision, mission, definition
  - Composition: Member countries, partner organizations and networks
  - Governance: Management Committee's & Secretariat's roles and responsibilities
  - Vision, mission, general and specific objectives



## Definition

CARMEN is a Regional initiative supported by PAHO/WHO to promote the integrated prevention of chronic noncommunicable diseases (NCDs) in the Americas.

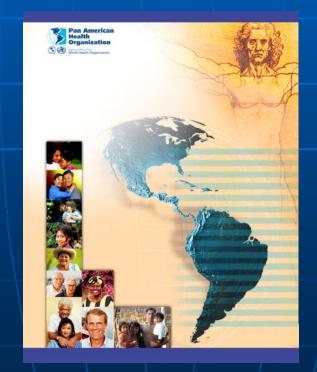
The CARMEN initiative involves a network of *countries*, organizations and institutions that share the common goal of reducing the prevalence and incidence, premature mortality, and disability due to chronic diseases and their risk factors through integrated community-based approaches focused on prevention and control.



## Vision, Mission

- Vision: to create a region free of preventable chronic, noncommunicable diseases through a network of countries and organizations that share experiences and coordinate actions.
- Mission: Foster collaborative efforts among PAHO Member States and partner organizations to reduce the burden of chronic NCD and their risk factors in the Americas by supporting the development, implementation and evaluation of comprehensive, integrated prevention and control

# Lines of Action





# Public Policy & Advocacy

### Surveillance

Health Promotion & Prevention

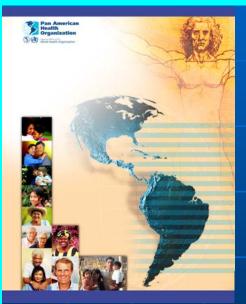
Integrated Management of NCDs





To ensure and promote the development and implementation of effective, integrated, sustainable, and evidence-based public policies on chronic disease, their risk factors, and determinants.

# Public Policy





Strengthen NCD public policy development



# CARMEN Contribution and Opportunities



# Special Project: CARMEN Policy Observatory (since 2004)

- 3 case studies (Costa Rica, Brazil, Canada)
  - Contribution through methodology for policy development & implementation
- 2007 Policy Observatory agenda expanded
  - Policy monitoring /evaluation (tool development, Chile)
  - Policy dialogs on subregional level (Caribbean)
  - Advocacy capacity-building
  - Research (Guatemala case study supported by Costa Rica team)



# Development and strengthening of chronic disease surveillance systems

# Surveillance



To encourage and support the development and strengthening of countries' capacity for better surveillance of chronic diseases, their consequences, their risk factors, and the impact of public health interventions.



# CARMEN Contribution & Opportunities



 2003–2004 pilot projects in 4 countries (Argentina, Brazil, Chile, Colombia) on strengthening of local NCD and risk-factor surveillance.

#### 2007 Agenda expanded

- Integration in local or national surveillance systems
- Minimum list of indicators for NCD and RF surveillance- Basic Data on NCDs (PAHO Interprogrammatic Working Group for NCD Surveillance + countries discuss and pilot)
- Small Grants: PanAm STEPS methodology implementation (12 countries) and development of additional modules (CAREC), Global School Health Survey (9 countries)
- Special Project: NCD InfoBase decentralization (Regional, subregional, national levels)
- Collaboration with a program for strengthening vital and health statistics

## Health Promotion & Prevention

To foster, support, and promote social and economic conditions that address the determinants of chronic diseases and empower people to increase control over their health and to adopt healthy behaviors.



Implement strategies and actions for health promotion in key settings

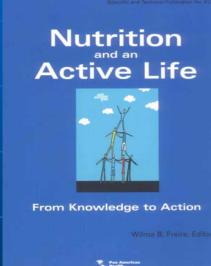


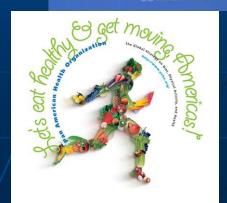
- Framework Convention for Tobacco Control (FCTC): Acceptance, ratification
- DPAS LAC (2005/6)
- Networks and partnerships: CARMEN-RAFA, ILSI, Ciclovías, AMNET, F&V initiative
- Successful initiatives documented:
   (Colombia, Chile, Brazil,
   Argentina, Costa Rica, Mexico)
- Ongoing 4 demonstration projects on Healthy Lifestyles & Healthy People (2 in Chile, Mexico, Brazil)

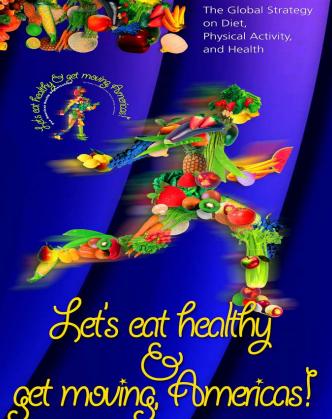
#### 2007 Agenda expanded:

Communication campaign: "Eat well, feel well and get moving, America!" 2006/2007

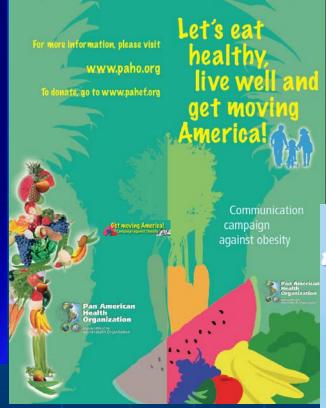












Get moving America!

Campaign against Obesity

Regional Office of the
World Health Organization

vvvvv.paho.org



Dr. Mirta Roses, Director of the Pan American Health Organization and Don Francisco, popular televisior host in the Americas, are pleased to announce the

launch of a new communication campaign against obesity, "Let's eat healthy, live well and get moving America!"

The campaign will begin in October 2006 and in through June 2008, reaching most countries in Latin America

#### THE GROWING THREA

Obesity and related chronic diseases like diabetes, hypertension, heart attack and some cancers are on the rise in the adult population and are appearing in diliderer, affecting two out of three individuals in the region of the Americas. Several myths have contributed to the inaction and neelect of chronic diseases.

#### MYTH 1: "Obesity and chronic diseases are diseases of the wealthy."

These diseases indiscriminately affect individuals from all walks of life, regardless of income, gender, color, nationality or age. 80% of chronic disease deaths worldwide and 60% of similar deaths in Latin America occur in low to

#### M YT H 3: "Chronic diseases are an inevitable consequence of aging

Although middle-aged adults are especially subservable, most chronic fiseases can be prevented. Modifiable isk factors such as mooking, eating too much salt, fat and sugar, and sedentary lifestyles are the main cause of

#### Chronic diseases are preventable.

Learn what

increase awareness about the urgency of the problem

prompt "influentials" to re-examine their priorities and policies to facilitate opportunities for healthy eating and active living

"Let's eat healthy, live well and get moving America!

and industry need to heed this call and join in existing effort: aimed at making it easier for the general public to eat health



6 Pissemination in

5 Lessons Learned & Final Evaluation



Countries take

luenrint 7 Launch & Alli.



Provide technical assistance to countries in the development, strengthening, implementation, and evaluation of their chronic disease programs



# Integrated Management of NCDs



To facilitate and support the strengthening of the capacity and competencies of the health system for the integrated management of chronic diseases and their risk factors.

#### **Care Model for Chronic Diseases**

#### **Community**

Resources & policies

Support for self-care

#### **Health System**

Organization of health care

Service delivery system design (Evidencebased) Decisionmaking support

Clinical information system

Active, informed patients

Productive interactions

Trained, proactive health team.

#### Improved results

Source: Wagner EH. Effective Clinical Practice. 1998; 1: 2-4.



# CARMEN Contribution and Opportunities



- Special Projects
  - CAMDI Quality of Diabetes Care
  - Mexico –Veracruz Initiative for Diabetes Awareness
  - Chile –Chronic Care Model applied in National Cardiovascular Health Program
  - 3 community demonstration projects on involving lay health personnel in promoting cardiovascular health in the Americas (PAHO-NHLBI)
- 2007 Agenda expanded
  - Special project: Development of national charts for cardiovascular disease risk (Chile)
  - Revision of the situation in the Region:
    - National guidelines
    - Access to medicines (with PAHO Fund for Essential Medicines)
    - Availability of early detection and screening
    - Development of recommendations for implementation national cancer, cardiovascular disease and diabetes programs



# Cross-Cutting Areas



- Capacity-Building: Collaboration with PRC Network
  - Special Project: CARMEN school
    - Phase I: Courses in EBPH, PAPH, SM
    - Phase II: Knowledge translation, twining
- Communication, Exchange
  - CARMEN-CNCD PAHO Bulletin
- ListServ, Web
- Resource Mobilization
  - Stronger Relationships: Joint projects with partners (PAHO/WHO Collaborating Centers)
  - Regional, Subregional and Country Biennial Planning Budget (BPB), technical cooperation among countries (TCC), external partners



# Biennial CARMEN Meeting: Bahamas, November 2007

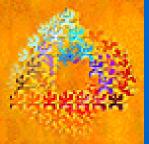


#### Planning Process

- Management meeting Toronto –March
- Sub regional meetings –Liaison with economic and political agendas
- Tool for monitoring and evaluation March-November
- Meeting with WHO collaborative centers and partners-September
- Organized around Lines of Action of the Regional Strategy
- Meeting Objectives
  - Celebrate 10 years of CARMEN: Accomplishments and lessons learned
  - Planning for 2008–2009 period (national, subregional, Regional levels)

#### Actors

 Interprogrammatic Working Group for Strategy Implementation, Countries, Partners' Forum



#### CARMEN

Purpose: Prevent, control, and reduce burden of risk factors and noncommunicable diseases in LAC countries

Objective: Increase technical capacity of the countries to prevent, control, and treat risk factors and noncommunicable diseases

Strategy: NETWORKING

#### **Lines of Implementation**

Policy & Advocacy

**Surveillance** 

Health Promotion & Risk Factor Prevention

Integrated Management of Risk Factors & NCDs

Policy Observatory (Costa Rica, Brazil, Canada, Chile, Guatemala) PanAmerican STEPS Grant (12 countries)
GSHS Grant (6 countries)

Demonstration Projects on Diet & Physical Activity (Chile, Brazil), FCTC Health Promoters, CVDs, Diabetes, Action now