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21 October 2021

Hosted by: Swiss TPH

Setup of the pilot project



Piloting a new WHO framework to support the development of public health strategies on artisanal and small-scale gold mining (ASGM)

Project sponsors: GEF/UNIDO/WHO

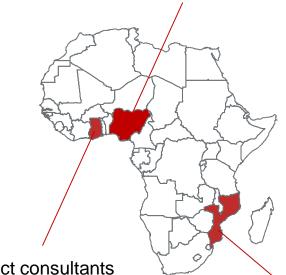
Duration: 2017-2020

Three project partners in Switzerland:

- World Health Organization
- Swiss Tropical and Public Health Institute (Swiss TPH)
- Centre for Development and Cooperation (NADEL, ETH Zürich)

Several project partners in each pilot test country (Ghana, Mozambique, Nigeria)

- Project consultants
- Nigeria Federal Ministry of Health
- WHO Nigeria



- Project consultants
- **Ghana Health Services**
- Ministry of Health, Ghana
- WHO Ghana

- Manhica Health Research Centre (CISM)
- National Institute of Health
- Ministry of Health, Mozambique
- WHO Mozambique

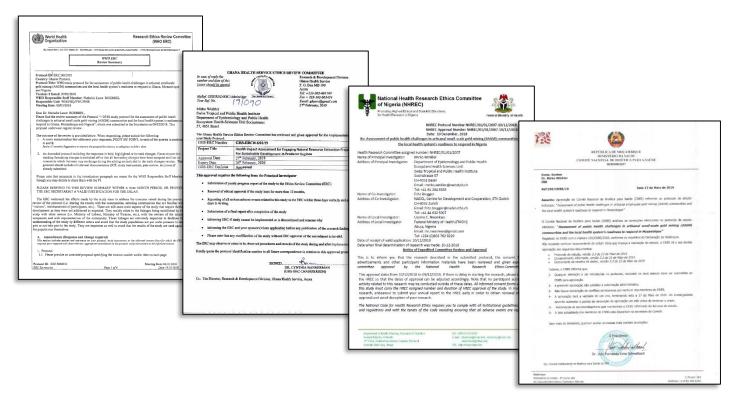


Piloting a new WHO framework to support the development of public health strategies on artisanal and small-scale gold mining (ASGM)

Development of detailed study protocol and study tools

Ethical clearances

- In each project country
- World Health Organization





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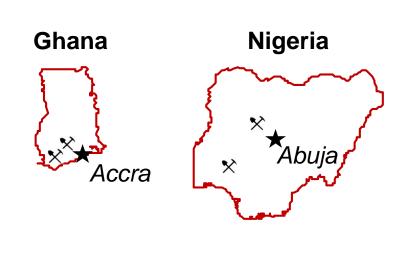
- In each project country
- World Health Organization

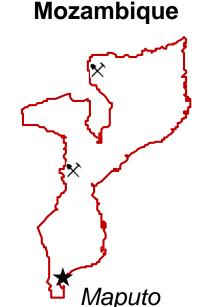
Institutional capacity assessment

At central level (★) in each country

Rapid health assessment

Two ASGM sites (★) per country









Rapid health assessment

Two ASGM sites (★) per country





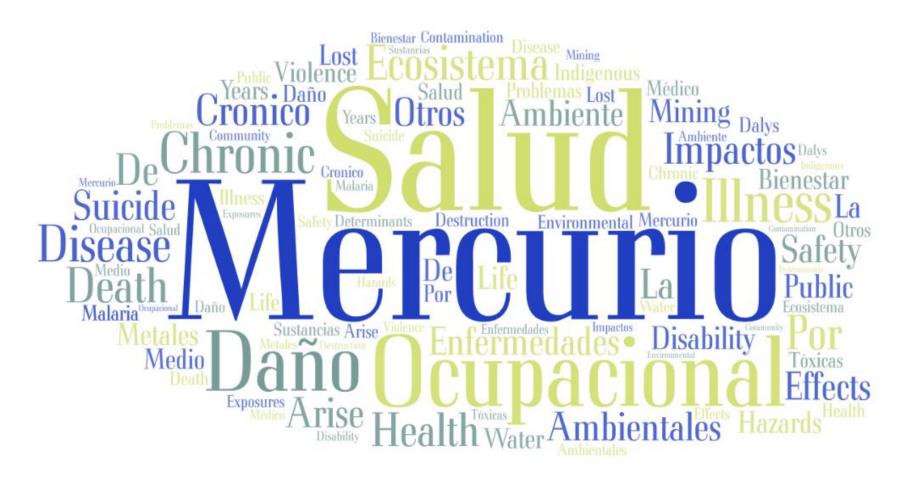


Rapid health assessment

Two ASGM sites (★) per country

Environmental public health in ASGM contexts





Word cloud produced based on registration question: How is artisanal and small-scale gold mining related to public health?



Stakeholder workshops to draft public health strategy (PHS)



Workshop in Abuja, Nigeria, October 2019 Workshop in Maputo, Mozambique, December 2019

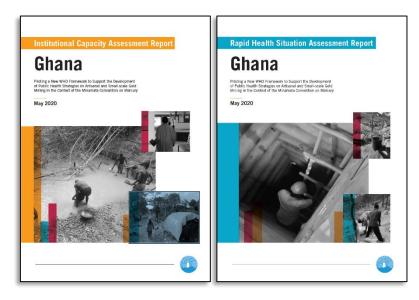


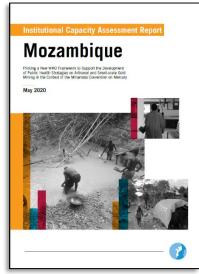
Workshop in Aburi, Ghana, November 2019

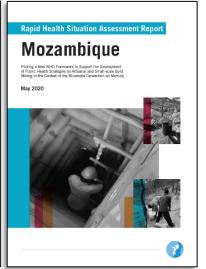
Outputs of the pilot project

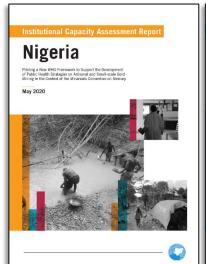


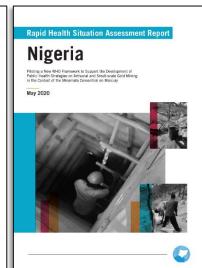
Institutional capacity assessment & rapid health situation assessment reports











Outputs of the pilot project



Overarching findings rapid health situation assessment

- Capacity and readiness of health systems to address health problems specific to ASGM contexts is very limited, e.g.:
 - staff with sufficient training
 - services offered
 - diagnostic abilities
 - treatment options and referral (e.g. emergency)
- Despite risk awareness, miners and communities are limited in their ability or willingness to avoid risks

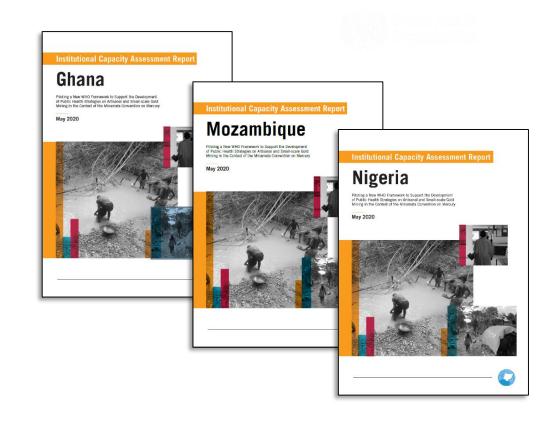


Outputs of the pilot project



Overarching findings institutional capacity assessment

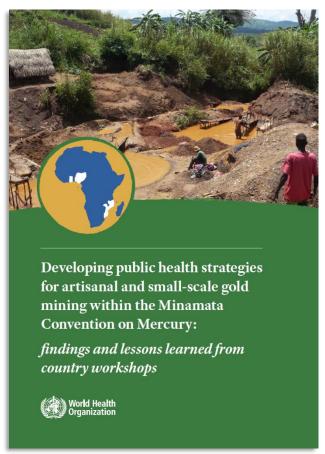
- The level ASGM-related health issues are accounted for in legal frameworks varies a lot across countries
- Structures/systems for ongoing generating of ASGM specific data are often lacking
- Institutional capacities for addressing health in ASGM are often insufficiently developed, e.g.:
 - Lack of knowledge and expertise for awareness raising and education of preventive measures regarding ASGM specific health risks



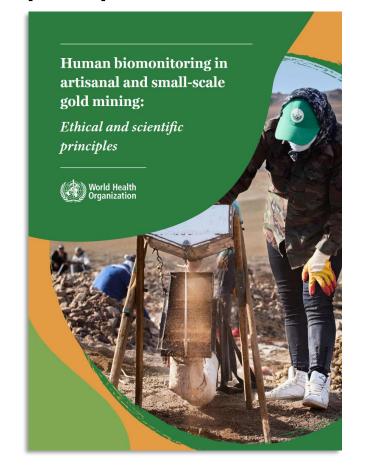
WHO Publications resulting from the pilot project

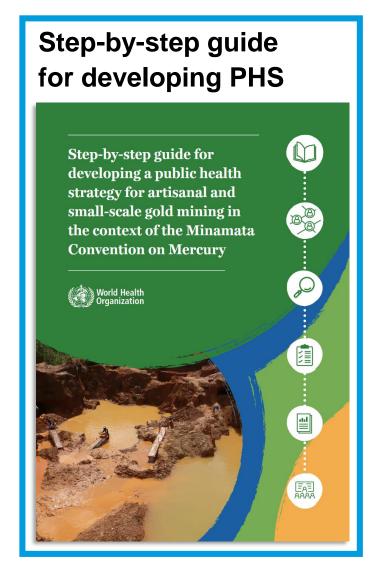


Findings and lessons from country workshops



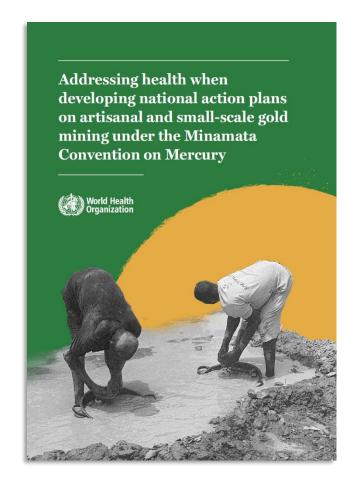
Ethical and scientific principles

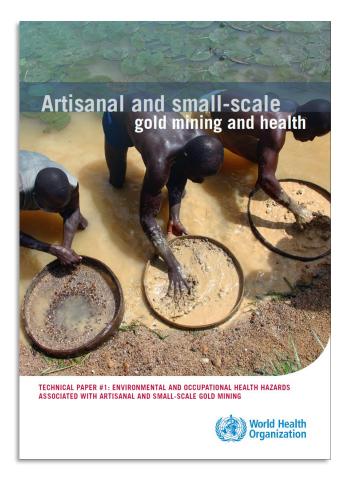




WHO Publications in context of Minamata Convention







Full list of references available in the WHO (2021) step-by-step guide

