## BRAZIL

\(\left.$$
\begin{array}{lccc}\text { Youth } & & \\
\hline \begin{array}{l}\text { POPULATION } \\
\text { GROUP }\end{array} & \begin{array}{c}\text { CURRENT TOBACCO USE } \\
\text { (SMOKED AND SMOKELESS) }\end{array} \text { (\%) }\end{array}
$$ $$
\begin{array}{c}\text { CURRENT CIGARETTE } \\
\text { SMOKING (\%) }\end{array}
$$ \quad \begin{array}{c}CURRENT SMOKELESS <br>

TOBACCO USE (\%)\end{array}\right]\)| Men | 6.9 | $5.3^{\mathrm{a}}$ | $6.3^{\mathrm{b}}$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Women | 6.7 | $5.6^{\mathrm{a}}$ | $4.6^{\mathrm{b}}$ |
| Total | 7.0 | $5.4^{\mathrm{a}}$ | $5.5^{\mathrm{b}}$ |

a National School-Based Health Survey (PeNSE), 2015 ( $13-15$ years).
b Global Youth Tobacco Survey (São Paulo), 2009 (13-15 years).

## MPOWER Measures

| M (MONITORING) |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Survey | Youth | Adults |
| Recent | Yes | Yes |
| National representativeness | Yes | Yes |
| Periodic | Yes | Yes |


| P (SMOKE-FREE POLICIES) |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Health centers | Yes |
| Schools (except universities) | Yes |
| Universities | Yes |
| Government buildings | Yes |
| Offices | Yes |
| Restaurants | Yes |
| Bars and pubs | Yes |
| Public transportation | Yes |


| 0 (CESSATION) |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Toll-free quitline | Yes |  |
| Nicotinic substitution therapy is available in: | Are the costs <br> covered? |  |
| Pharmacies | Totally |  |
| Cessation services are available in: | Yes, in some | Totally |
| Primary care services | Yes, in some | Totally |
| Hospitals | No | --- |
| Doctor's offices | Yes, in some | No |
| The community | No | --- |
| Other |  |  |

... Data not reported/not available
--- Data not required/not applicable
For definitions of the indicators and color-coded ratings, see the Technical Note.

| Adults |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| POPULATION <br> GROUP | CURRENT TOBACCO USE <br> (SMOKED AND SMOKELESS) <br> $(\%)$ | CURRENT CIGARETTE <br> SMOKING (\%) | CURRENT SMOKELESS <br> TOBACCO USE (\%) |
| Men | 18.9 | 18.7 | 0.5 |
| Women | 11.0 | 10.8 | 0.2 |
| Total | 14.7 | 14.5 | 0.3 |

Source: National Survey on Health, 2013 ( $\geq 18$ years).

| W (WARNINGS) |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Health warnings required by law | Yes |
| Images | Yes |
| Size (average-front/back) | $65-30 / 100$ |
| Ban on misleading terms | Yes |
| Is any feature missing? | No |

## E (ADVERTISING BANS)

Ban on direct advertising
Television, radio, and print media Yes
Billboards Yes

Publicity at points of sale Yes
Ban on product placement
Ban on promotion Yes

Ban on sponsorship Yes ${ }^{\text {c }}$
Ban on product display No
c The law prohibits the sponsorship of cultural and sports activities. However, the law does not prohibit sponsorship of other types of events and activities or of individuals.

## R (TAXATION)

Price of most sold brand (pack of 20 cigarettes)
In national currency $\quad$ BRL 6.24

In international dollars 3.17
Tax (share of the final price of most sold brand)

| Total taxes |  | 67.95 |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Specific excise taxes |  | 22.44 |
| Ad valorem excise taxes |  | 25.54 |
| Value-added tax (VAT) |  | - |
| Import duties | 10.97 |  |
| Other taxes | $\mathbf{2 0 0 8}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 6}$ |
| Evolution of taxes and prices | 57.15 | 67.95 |
| Tax (share of the final price of most sold <br> brand) | $\mathbf{1 . 9 8}$ | $\mathbf{3 . 1 7}$ |
| Price of most sold brand (international <br> dollars) |  |  |

WHO FRAMEWORK CONVENTION ON TOBACCO CONTROL

PROTOCOL TO ELIMINATE ILLICIT TRADE IN TOBACCO PRODUCTS

|  | ON TOBACCO CONTROL | TOBACCO PRODUCTS |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Date of signature $(\mathrm{d} / \mathrm{m} / \mathrm{y})$ : | $16 / 06 / 2003$ | - |
| Date of the ratification or accession $(\mathrm{d} / \mathrm{m} / \mathrm{y}):$ | $03 / 11 / 2005$ | - |

## Tobacco: prices and taxes

RETAIL PRICE PER PACK OF 20 CIGARETTES

|  |  | In local dollars (BRL) |  | In international dollars (PPP) ${ }^{1}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Most popular brand: | Du Maurier | 6.24 |  | 3.17 |  |
| Most inexpensive brand: | Minister/Continental | 5.00 |  | 2.54 |  |
| Most expensive brand: | Dunhill | 7.47 |  | 3.80 |  |
| TAXES ON TOBACCO² |  |  |  |  |  |
| Taxes as percentage of the final price of the most sold brand |  |  | Design and administration of cigarette taxes |  |  |
| Excise taxes ${ }^{3}$ | Specific taxes ${ }^{4}$ | 22.44\% | Are taxes applied in mixed fashion (ad valorem and excise)? |  | Yes |
|  | Ad valorem tax ${ }^{5}$ | 9.54\% |  |  |  |
| Value-added/sales tax (VAT) |  | 25.00\% | If a mixed tax system is used, is the tax burden of excise taxes greater than that of ad valorem taxes?? |  | Yes |
| Import duty ${ }^{6}$ |  | 0.00\% |  |  | Yes |
| Other taxes |  | 10.97\% | If an ad valorem or mixed tax system exists, is a specific minimum tax applied? ${ }^{8}$ |  |  |
| Total excise taxes |  | 67.95\% |  |  | Yes |

1 The international dollar is a currency unit adjusted for purchasing power parity (PPP) that is used to compare the value of products and services in different countries.
2 Taxes: taxes imposed on goods or services which cause consumers to pay higher prices.
3 Excise taxes: these have a greater impact on public health since they are applied exclusively to tobacco products and raise their relative price compared to other products and services.
4 Specific tax: it is established in relation to quantity, for example, a set quantity of cigarettes, or by weight.
5 Ad valorem tax: is based on the value of the product, such as a percentage of the retail price, the manufacturer's price, etc.
6 The effectiveness of import duties in raising sales prices has been declining as countries have signed bilateral, regional, and global trade agreements.
7 Specific excise taxes tend to raise consumer prices more, relatively, than ad valorem taxes. Imposing the same specific excise tax on all cigarettes sends the clear message that they are all equally detrimental.
8 If the tax calculated falls below a specified minimum level, a specific tax rate is applied.

## EVOLUTION OF TAXES AND PRICES ON THE MOST POPULAR BRAND OF CIGARETTES

|  | $\mathbf{2 0 0 8}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 4}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 6}^{\boldsymbol{2 0 1}}$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Tax (percentage of the final <br> price of the most sold brand) | $57.15 \%$ | $59.35 \%$ | $63.15 \%$ | $64.94 \%$ | $67.95 \%$ |
| Price of the most sold brand <br> (international dollars) | 1.98 | 2.34 | 2.73 | 3.33 | 3.17 |

9 The country has increased excise taxes on tobacco since 2014; however, due to price variability, this does not necessarily have an effect on the tax indicator

| EVOLUTION OF THE PRICE OF CIGARETTES COMPARED TO INCOME |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\mathbf{2 0 0 8}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 4}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 6}$ |  |
| Percentage of per capita <br> GDP required to purchase | $1.48 \%$ | $1.64 \%$ | $1.76 \%$ | $2.02 \%$ | $2.05 \%$ |  |
| 100 packs ${ }^{10}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Have cigarettes become less affordable since 2008? Yes
Did cigarettes become less affordable between 2014 and 2016?
Yes

Price of the most sold brand (international dollars)

Tax (percentage of the final price of the most sold brand)


Percentage of GDP per capita required to purchase 100 packs


10 Note that a higher percentage means it is less affordable, which discourages cigarette smoking.

## SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION ON TAXES

| Are tax stamps or bar codes required for tobacco products? | Yes ${ }^{11,12}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Are duty-free sales banned or limited? | Limit of 200 cigarettes |
| Is tobacco tax revenue pre-allocated to a specific purpose or activity? | No |
| 11 Indicates that tax stamps or codes are concealed (that is, they cannot be read by the naked eye, but only with special electronic readers or via laboratory analysis). 12 Indicates that tax stamps or codes can be read by the naked eye (such as color-changing inks, holograms, latent images, watermarks, and security threads). |  |
| ... Data not reporte//not available |  |
| -- Data not required/not applicable |  |

