POLIO





The data

Thirty years ago, polio paralyzed nearly 1,000 CHILDREN EVERY DAY in the world.



The disease

- > Polio is a HIGHLY CONTAGIOUS disease caused by the poliovirus.
- > It mainly affects children UNDER FIVE YEARS of age.
- > There is NO CURE. The only option is prevention through vaccination.



Symptoms)

- > Most people have NO SYMPTOMS.
- > 5 to 10 out of every 100 individuals infected with this virus may have RESPIRATORY SYMPTOMS.
- In 1 out of 200 infected people, poliovirus destroys parts of the NERVOUS SYSTEM and causes permanent PARALYSIS of the legs or arms.
- Rarely, the virus can attack the parts of the BRAIN that help breathing, which can cause DEATH.



Transmission

- > Person-to-person, by the FECAL-ORAL ROUTE (contact with objects contaminated by infected feces).
- More rarely by RESPIRATORY SECRETIONS.



Vaccines

- > Two types of polio vaccines:
 - ORAL VACCINE with attenuated viruses (OPV)
 - > inactivated INJECTABLE vaccine (IPV).
- > Both vaccines are used in the Region of the Americas and are safe and effective.



Calendar

- > Primary Scheme: At least 2 DOSES of IPV vaccine and ONE DOSE of OPV vaccine in the first year of life.
- > Countries have DIFFERENT SCHEDULES and in some, IPV is administered combined with other vaccines (e.g. Diphtheria, Tetanus, Pertussis).



